800DFDOm
800mm Dual Fuel Double Oven Range Cooker
For Natural Gas models & LP Gas models

User & Installation Instructions
If you smell gas:

Do not try to light any appliance. Do not touch any electrical switch.

Call the Gas Emergency Helpline at TRANSCO on: 0800 111999

In the Republic of Ireland, call the Bord Gáis emergency line on 1850 205050 or contact your local gas supplier.
In case of difficulty within the UK and Northern Ireland, please call
Stoves Customer Care Centre Helpline on

0151 432 7838

When you dial this number you will hear a recorded message and be given a
number of options. This indicates that your call has been accepted and is being
held in a queue. Calls are answered in strict rotation as our Customer Care
Representatives become available.

Opening Hours for Customer Care Centre
Monday to Friday 8am - 8pm
Saturday 8.30am - 6pm
Sunday 10am - 4pm

Enter appliance numbers here for future reference:

Please ensure you have the above details (Model No and Serial No) to
hand when calling Stoves Customer Care. They are essential to
booking your call.

Outside the UK and Northern Ireland, refer to your local supplier.
Introduction

Thank you for choosing a British built appliance by Stoves.
We hope that the following information will help you to familiarise yourself with the features of the appliance, and to use it successfully and safely.
Our policy is one of constant development and improvement. Strict accuracy of illustrations and specifications is not guaranteed. Modification to design and materials may be necessary subsequent to publication.

This appliance must be installed in accordance with the regulations in force, and only in a well ventilated space. Read the instructions before installing or using this appliance.

Your 1st Year Guarantee
To fulfil the conditions of your guarantee, this appliance must be correctly installed and operated, in accordance with these instructions, and only be used for normal domestic purposes.
Please note that the guarantee, and Service availability, only apply to the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Before using the appliance for the first time, remove any protective polythene film and wash the oven shelves and furniture in hot soapy water, to remove their protective coating of oil. Even so, when you first turn on the oven or grill you may notice a smell and some smoke.

Your new appliance is designed to be installed free-standing or flush to base units.

Gas & Electrical connection
Please refer to installation instructions for the Gas & Electrical Safety Regulations and the Ventilation Requirements.
In your own interest, and that of safety, it is the law that all gas appliances be installed by competent persons, who will ensure that the installation is in accordance with “The Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations 1994”, & the “The Gas Safety (Installation & Use) (Amendment) Regulations 1996”. Failure to comply with these Regulations is a criminal offence.
Corgi registered installers undertake to work to satisfactory standards.
Disconnection of gas and electric appliances should always be carried out by competent persons.
Warning: This appliance must be earthed.
Moving the cooker
Do not attempt to move the cooker by pulling on the doors or handles. Open the door and grasp the frame of the cooker, taking care that the door does not shut on your fingers.
Take care to avoid damage to soft or uneven floor coverings when moving the appliance. Some cushioned vinyl floor coverings may not be designed to withstand sliding appliances without marking or damage.

Glass door panels
To meet the relevant Standards of Domestic cooking appliances, all the glass panels on this appliance are toughened to meet the fragmentation requirements of BS3193. This ensures that, in the unlikely event that a panel breaks, it does so into small fragments to minimise the risk of injury.
Please take care when handling, using or cleaning all glass panels as any damage to the surfaces or edges may result in the glass breaking without warning or apparent cause at a later date. Should any glass panel be damaged, we strongly recommend that it is replaced immediately.

Stability bracket
If the cooker is to be fitted with a flexible inlet connection, a stability bracket should also be fitted to engage in the back of the cooker. Make sure this is re-engaged whenever you move the cooker for cleaning.

The cooling fan
When the grill or top oven is switched on, you will hear the cooling fan come on - this keeps the fascia and control knobs of the appliance cool during grilling or top oven cooking only.
The fan will continue to operate for a period after the grill or top oven control has been switched off. Should any fault occur with the cooling fan, the appliance will require servicing - contact Customer Support.

If the ignition fails:
- Check there is a spark when the ignition button is depressed.
- If there is no spark, check that the electricity supply is switched on at the socket.
- Check that the gas supply is switched on.

Ventilation
The use of a gas cooking appliance results in the production of heat and moisture in the room in which it is installed. Ensure that the kitchen is well ventilated: keep natural ventilation holes open or install a mechanical ventilation device (mechanical extractor hood). Prolonged intensive use of the appliance may call for additional ventilation, for example, opening of a window, or more effective ventilation, for example increasing the level of mechanical ventilation where present.
**Environmental Protection**

We are committed to protecting the environment and operate an Environmental Management System which complies with BS EN ISO 14001:1996.

**Disposal of packaging**

- All our packaging materials are recyclable and environmentally friendly.
- Please help us to protect our environment by disposing of all packaging in an environmentally friendly manner.
- Please contact your local authority for the nearest recycling centre.

**Caution:** Packaging materials can pose a risk of suffocation - keep away from children.

To replace an oven light bulb

(if fitted)

**Caution:** Switch off the electricity supply to the appliance at the socket, to avoid the risk of electric shock. Wait until the oven is cool, then remove the oven shelves.

Grasp the lens cover on the light fitting and pull it away from the side of the oven. Unscrew the bulb.

Please note that the oven light bulb is not covered by the guarantee. Replacement bulbs can be ordered from your local supplier, or bought from a hardware store.

**Storage compartment**

The storage compartment should only be used to store oven furniture.

Baking trays and roasting tins may be stored in the compartment.

The plate rack (if fitted) may be used to store plates - but make sure that they are oven proof. Use the slots provided, and take care not to overload the shelf.

**Do not** store items with plastic or wooden handles in the compartment, as they may be damaged by heat from the oven.

**Do not** store flammable liquids, even when cold, in the storage compartment, as they may catch fire.

**Do not** store food / canned items in the storage compartment. **Do not** use the compartment as a food warming facility.

**Technical Data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data badge</th>
<th>Lower part of front frame</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type of gas</td>
<td>This cooker must only be used with either Natural Gas only, or LP Gas only - as specified on the appliance data badge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas category</td>
<td>Natural Gas - I2H, LP Gas - I3+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure setting</td>
<td>G20 Natural Gas @ 20 mbar, G30 Butane @ 28-30 mbar, G31 Propane @ 37 mbar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure test point</td>
<td>Use the rapid burner hotplate injector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aeration</td>
<td>Fixed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner / element</td>
<td>Nominal Rate Qn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hob - Lefthand front</td>
<td>1.0kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Gas - Righthand front</td>
<td>2.9kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Rear (x 2)</td>
<td>2.0kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total heat input</td>
<td>ΣQn 7.9kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hob - Lefthand front</td>
<td>1.0kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LP Gas - Righthand front</td>
<td>2.9kW</td>
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<tr>
<td>Griddle</td>
<td>1.2kW</td>
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<td>Grill</td>
<td>1.725kW</td>
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<tr>
<td>Top Oven</td>
<td>1.245kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main Oven</td>
<td>1.67kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stir Fan</td>
<td>30W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling Fan</td>
<td>10W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oven lights - if fitted (x 2)</td>
<td>25W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Installation Instructions

Connect to the gas supply
The inlet to the cooker is ½” BSP internal situated at the rear right corner.
Fit the bayonet connection. This should be located so as to ensure the flexible connector hose does not kink.
Use a 900mm - 1125mm length of flexible connector.
Ensure that all pipe work is of the correct rating for both size and temperature.
Flexible connections should comply with BS 669. Parts of the appliance likely to come into contact with a flexible connector have a temperature rise of less than 70°C.
After installation, make sure all connections are gas sound.

Commissioning

Burner aeration
All burners have fixed aeration and no adjustment is possible.

Pressure setting
G20 Natural Gas @ 20 mbar
G30 Butane @ 28-30 mbar
G31 Propane @ 37 mbar

Pressure test point
Use the oven injector

Hob - Turn the control knob to the FULL ON position, wait a second before pressing the ignition switch or holding a lighted match or taper to the burner.

Before leaving the installation
1. Place all the loose parts of the cooker into position.
2. Show the customer how to operate the cooker and give them this handbook. Thank you.

Be Safe - Not Sorry

When you are cooking, keep children away from the vicinity of appliance.
This product is designed as a domestic cooking appliance for the preparation and cooking of domestic food products, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Warning: This appliance must be earthed.

Remove all packaging from the appliance before using for the first time.

Make sure you read and understand the instructions before using the appliance.

Keep electrical leads short so they do not drape over the appliance or the edge of the worktop.

Keep all flammable materials (such as curtains and furnishings) away from the appliance.

Parts of the appliance may be hot during or immediately after use. Care should be taken to avoid touching heating elements inside the oven. Allow sufficient time for the appliance to cool after switching off.

Do not drape tea towels over the flue vents or doors as this creates a fire hazard.

When opening the appliance door, take care to avoid skin contact with any steam which may escape from the cooking.

When cooking heavy items - eg; turkeys - do not pull the oven shelf out with the item still on the shelf.

Do not use aluminium foil to cover the grill pan, or put items wrapped in foil under the grill as this creates a fire hazard. The high reflectivity can also damage the element.

Use oven gloves when removing hot food / dishes from the oven or grill. The oven / grill and utensils will be very hot when in use.

Do not use foil on oven shelves or allow it to block the oven flue, as this creates a fire hazard, and prevents heat circulation.

Never use the appliance for heating a room.

All installation, servicing and maintenance work should be carried out by a competent person who will comply with current Regulations, Standards and Requirements.

As with all gas appliances, it is recommended that your appliance is serviced regularly.

When you have finished cooking check that all controls are in the off position.
Clock / Minute Minder (if fitted)

Initial display

The digital timer enables you to set the time of day (24 hour clock) and the minute minder alarm.

Setting the “Time of Day”
1. Switch on the electricity supply to the appliance.
    The display will flash.
2. Press and release the time of day button.
3. Set the time of day with the plus and minus buttons.
4. The time will be set 7 seconds after the last plus or minus operation.

Alarm tones
After setting the time of day, you can select one of three alarm tones.
Press the minus button to listen to the first tone, then release the minus button and press it again to listen to the second tone, etc.
Releasing the minus button after a tone has sounded will automatically select that tone.

Setting the minute minder
1. Press and release the plus button to change the display from clock to minute minder - the bell symbol will light.
2. Use the plus and minus buttons to set the length of time before the alarm tone will sound. The display will increase / decrease in units of 10 seconds up to 99 minutes 50 seconds, and in units of 1 minute from 1 hour 40 minutes upwards. The maximum period which may be set is 10 hours.
    The display format will change after 99 minutes and 50 seconds to 1 hour and 40 minutes.
    During countdown, the minute minder has priority on the display, which will show (in minutes : seconds, or hours : minutes) the time remaining.
    When countdown is complete, the tone will sound for 7 minutes, or it can be reset with one touch of any button.

To cancel the minute minder at any other time, run down the set time with the minus button.
The display will revert to show the time of day.

Connect to the electricity supply
Warning: This appliance must be earthed.

The appliance must be installed by a competent electrician using a double pole control unit of 30 ampere minimum capacity with 3mm minimum contact separation at all poles.

We recommend that the appliance is connected by a qualified electrician who is a member of the N.I.C.E.I.C. and who will comply with the I.E.E. and local regulation.

1. Access to the mains terminal is gained by opening the terminal block cover at the rear of the appliance (use a small flat-bladed screwdriver).
2. Connection should be made with suitable twin and earth cable, minimum 2.5mm² which is suitable for use up to 25 amps.
3. First strip the wires, then push the cable through the cable clamp in the terminal block cover.
4. Connect the cable to the terminal block and tighten the cable clamp screw (see diagram).
5. Close the terminal box, ensuring that the cover is engaged on the locking tabs.

Installation Instructions

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**Installation Instructions**

**Stability bracket**

If the cooker is fitted with a flexible connection, a stability bracket should be fitted to engage in the back of the cooker. A stability bracket can be bought from your local supplier.

A stability bracket can be fitted as follows:

1. Place the cooker in position and draw a PENCIL LINE level with the front edge.
2. Mark the centre of the cooker to give the CENTRE LINE for the bracket.
3. Remove the cooker and mark off 450mm from the PENCIL LINE to locate the front edge of the lower bracket.
4. Fix the bracket to the floor. Measure from FLOOR LEVEL to ENGAGEMENT EDGE in the back of the cooker and add 3mm.
5. Assemble the underside of the top part of the bracket to this height.

**Levelling**

Place a spirit level or a baking sheet onto an oven shelf.

The cooker is fitted with levelling feet and locknuts at the FRONT, and levelling feet only at the rear.

**Ignition**

Push in and turn the selected control knob anticlockwise to the large flame symbol and press the **IGNITION SWITCH** until the burner lights. Turn the control knob to the required setting.

Adjust the burner flame so that it does not extend over the pan base.

**To turn off**, push in the control knob and turn clockwise to return it to the "off" position.

**To simmer**

The simmer position is marked by the small flame symbol.

Once lit turn the selected control knob anticlockwise past the large flame symbol (full on) to the small flame symbol.

You may hear a slight popping noise when the hob burners are operating and this is quite normal, but if anything about the cooker appears unusual, such as change in flame appearance, or the operation of controls - seek expert advice.

**Using the Hob**

**Pans**

Use pans with a flat base of minimum 100mm / 4 ins diameter and maximum 280mm / 11 ins diameter which are stable in use.

Use pans with a flat base which are stable in use, and avoid using any old misshapen pans or any pan which is unstable when placed on a flat surface.

Turn pan handles to a safe position so they are out of reach of children, not overhanging the appliance and cannot be caught accidentally.

Position pans over the centre of the burners, resting on the pan supports. If positioned off centre, smaller pans may be unstable.

When cooking with fat or oil, never leave unattended.

Commercial simmering aids should not be used as they create excessive temperatures that can damage the surface and may cause a hazard.

When you have finished cooking check that all controls are in the off position.
Caution: Accessible parts may be hot when the griddle is used. Young children should be kept away.

Please read these instructions thoroughly before using the griddle for the first time.

The griddle is made of quality cast iron and has a non stick cooking surface.

The griddle should be seasoned before it is used for the first time.

The griddle is fixed to the hotplate and is not removable.

Seasoning

Wipe the surface and season (by rubbing sparingly with a minimum amount of cooking oil) then heat on full rate for 3 minutes. Regular seasoning will prolong the life of the griddle and prevent rusting. If the griddle shows signs of rust, wipe clean and re-season.

Using the Griddle

The red neon indicator will come on when the griddle is switched on.

Do not use metal implements as they may damage the non stick surface. Please refer to the cooking guide for more information on using the griddle.

Refer to cleaning section for full cleaning instructions.

After cooking:

Before cleaning, remove any surface debris. Scrape the surface of the griddle while it is still warm (but not hot) - use a heat resistant plastic / wooden scraper. Take care to avoid hand contact with any hot surfaces. Do not use metal implements.

Allow the griddle to cool completely before attempting to clean with hot soapy water.

Once the griddle has cooled, remove any excess fat with kitchen paper, and clean - follow the instructions given in the ‘Cleaning’ section.

After cleaning, dry the griddle thoroughly then re-season the surface by wiping sparingly with a minimum amount of oil.

Installation Instructions

Whilst every care is taken to eliminate burns and raw edges from this product, please take care when handling - we recommend the use of protective gloves during installation.

Moving the cooker

Please note that the weight of this appliance is approximately 73kg (unpacked). Take care if the appliance needs to be lifted during installation - always use an appropriate method of lifting.

Do not attempt to move the cooker by pulling on the doors or handles. Open the door and grasp the frame of the cooker, taking care that the door does not shut on your fingers.

Take care to avoid damage to soft or uneven floor coverings when moving the appliance. Some cushioned vinyl floor coverings may not be designed to withstand sliding appliances without marking or damage.

Clearances & dimensions

Appliance dimensions

All sizes are nominal, and some variation is to be expected. The ‘depth’ of the cooker, as given below, is to the front of the door and excluding knobs and handles.

- width 800mm
- depth 600mm
- height 900 - 915mm (adjustable)
Installation Instructions

Before you start: Please read the instructions. Planning your installation will save you time and effort.
Prior to installation, ensure that the local distribution conditions (nature of the gas and gas pressure) and the adjustment of the appliance are compatible. The adjustment conditions are stated on the data badge.
This appliance is not connected to a combustion evacuation device. It shall be installed and connected in accordance with current installation regulation. Particular attention shall be given to the relevant requirements regarding ventilation.
In your own interest and that of safety, it is the law that all gas appliances be installed and serviced by competent persons. CORGI registered installers undertake to work to satisfactory standards.
Where regulations or standards have been revised since this handbook was printed, always use the latest edition.

In the UK the regulations and standards are as follows:
2. Building Regulations - Issued by the Department of the Environment.
3. Building Standards (Scotland) (Consolidated) - Issued by the Scottish Development Department.
4. The current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations.
5. Electricity at Work Regulations 1989.
6. BS 6172 Installation of Domestic Gas cooking Appliances
   Also, for LP Gas, refer to BS 5482 Part 1, Part 2 or part 3 as relevant.
7. Installation & Servicing Instructions for this appliance.

For installation in countries other than the UK, the appliance must be connected in accordance with all local gas and electrical regulations. In the Republic of Ireland, Installers should refer to IS813 Domestic Gas Appliances.

Ventilation Requirements
The room containing the appliance should have an air supply in accordance with BS 5440: Part 2: 1989:
- All rooms require an openable window, or equivalent, and some rooms will require a permanent vent as well.
- For room volumes up to 5m³ an air vent of 100cm² is required.
- If the room has a door that opens directly to the outside, or the room exceeds 10m³, NO AIR VENT is required.
- For room volumes between 5m³ and 10m³ an air vent of 50cm² is required.
- If there are other fuel burning appliances in the same room, BS 5440: Part 2: 1989 should be consulted to determine the air vent requirements.
- This appliance must not be installed in a bed sitting room of less than 20m³ or in a bathroom or shower room.

Windows and permanent vents should therefore not be blocked or removed without first consulting a CORGI gas installer.

LP Gas only - Do not install this appliance in a room below ground level. This does not preclude installation into rooms which are basements with respect to one side of the building, but open to ground level on the opposite side.
In the Republic of Ireland, refer to relevant Irish Standards for correct ventilation requirements.

Failure to install appliances correctly is dangerous and could lead to prosecution.

Using the Griddle

Griddle cooking
Griddle cooking is a traditional cooking method which allow anything from full breakfasts to drop scones to be cooked with ease.
The griddle absorbs heat quickly and evenly, and there is ample space for cooking. The coating on the griddle allows for low fat cooking and ease of cleaning.

The following foods are suitable for cooking on the griddle:
- griddle scones,
- pancakes,
- potato cakes,
- oatcakes,
- crumpets,
- bacon,
- gammon,
- sausages,
- steak,
- scotch pancakes / drop scones,
- salmon fillets,
- eggs (can be cooked in a metal ring to retain shape).

After cooking, allow the griddle to cool completely before attempting to clean.
Caution: Accessible parts may be hot when the grill is used. Young children should be kept away.

To switch on
Open the top oven / grill door. Turn the top oven / grill control knob anti-clockwise to the grill symbol.

Important: Keep the grill door open when the grill is on. To turn off, push in the control knob and turn clockwise to return it to the “off” position.

Preheating
For best cooked results, always preheat the grill for about 3 minutes.

Detachable grill pan handle

Place the handle over the edge of the grill pan, at the narrow side edges. Slide the handle to the centre, and locate between the handle position indicators.

The handle should be removed from the pan during grilling, to prevent overheating.

The handle is designed for removing / inserting the grill pan under the grill when grilling.

If cleaning the grill pan when it is hot, use oven gloves to move it. Do not use the handle to pour hot fats from the grill pan.

Food for grilling should be positioned centrally on the trivet.

Burner caps and heads

Important: Allow burners to cool before cleaning.

Caution: Hotplate burners can be damaged by soaking, automatic dishwashers (or dishwasher powders / liquids), caustic pastes, hard implements, coarse wire wool, and abrasive cleaning pastes.

Clean the burner cap & head with a moist soapy pad - eg: “Brillo”.

For the burners to work safely, the slots in the burner head where the flames burn need to be kept clear of deposit. Clean with a nylon brush, rinse, and dry thoroughly.

Important: The burner caps and heads must be repositioned correctly so that they sit squarely onto the hob as shown.

Cleaning
Cleaning

**Glass parts** (if fitted)

**GLASS DOOR PANELS**

**Do not** use abrasives or polishes as they will scratch and damage the glass.

Use a **mild** cream cleaner - eg; “Cif”. Rinse away excess cleaner and dry with a soft cloth.

The oven door inner glass panel can be removed for cleaning by grasping the top and bottom edges and sliding out.

**Painted, plastic & metal finish parts** (if fitted)

**METAL DOORS (IF FITTED), DOOR HANDLES, FACIA PANEL & CONTROL KNOBS**

Only use a clean cloth wrung out in hot soapy water.

**Griddle**

Before cleaning, remove any surface debris. Scrap the surface of the griddle while it is still warm (**but not hot**) - use a heat resistant plastic / wooden scraper. Take care to avoid hand contact with any hot surfaces. Do not use metal implements.

**After cooking, allow the griddle to cool completely before attempting to clean.**

Once the griddle has cooled, remove any excess fat with kitchen paper.

the griddle can be cleaned with a cloth wrung out in hot soapy water, and a nylon brush.

**Do not** use caustic pastes, abrasive cleaning powders, coarse wire wool or any hard implements, as they will damage the surface.

After cleaning, dry the griddle thoroughly then re season the surface by wiping sparingly with a minimum amount of **unsalted** vegetable oil. Note that olive oil is unsuitable for seasoning.

Slight discolouration of the griddle surface is normal, and not detrimental to cooking performance.

Using the Grill

**Grilling**

The grill has a fixed heat setting, so grilling is adjusted by selecting different shelf positions, or by moving the grill pan trivet.

For toasting and for cooking foods such as bacon, sausages or steaks, use a higher shelf position.

For thicker foods such as chops or chicken joint pieces, use a middle to low shelf position.

The grill trivet - which is in the grill pan - may be inverted to give a high or low position or the it may be removed, depending on the type of food to be cooked.

1. The **HIGH** trivet position is suitable for toasting bread.
2. The **LOW** trivet position is suitable for grilling all types of meat & fish.
3. With the grill trivet removed the food is placed directly on the base of the grill pan - eg; when cooking whole fish or browning dishes such as cauliflower cheese.

**Aluminium foil**

Using aluminium foil to cover the grill pan - or putting items wrapped in foil under the grill - can create a fire hazard. Also, the high reflectivity may damage the element.
Using the Top Oven

Caution: Accessible parts may be hot when the appliance is in use, young children should be kept away.

Top oven

The top oven can be used in the same way as the main oven, to cook a full range of dishes, but it is a secondary oven, and there are some differences.

Foods cooked in the top oven should be in relation to the oven size. Larger dishes, or food which may rise during cooking, should be cooked in the main oven.

Large items, wide tins and tall items such as rich fruit cakes, should be cooked in the main oven to obtain optimum results.

To switch on the top oven

Turn the top oven / grill control knob to the required temperature setting.

Caution: The top element gets extremely hot when it is in use, so take extra care to avoid touching it.

To turn off, return the control knob to the off “O” position.

Cleaning

Caution: Any cleaning agent used incorrectly may damage the appliance.

Always let the cooker cool before cleaning.

Some cooking operations generate considerable amount of grease, this combined with spillage can become a hazard if allowed to accumulate on the cooker through lack of cleaning. In extreme cases this may amount to misuse of the appliance and could invalidate your guarantee.

It is recommended that the appliance is cleaned after open roasting.

Do not use caustic, corrosive or abrasive cleaning products, products containing bleach, coarse wire wool or any hard implements, as they will damage the surfaces.

All parts of the appliance can be safely cleaned with a cloth wrung out in hot soapy water.

Easy care surfaces

MAIN OVEN SIDES AND BACK

We recommend that the appliance is cleaned after open roasting, and also after roasting at temperatures higher than 200˚C, to help prevent a build up of fats. Use of a trivet in a roasting tin when roasting will help reduce fat splashing.

Caution: Most types of cleaning agent will damage these surfaces.

Only use a few drops of washing up liquid in hot water. Wipe the surfaces with a clean cloth wrung out in hot soapy water - if larger splashes of fat do not readily disappear, scrub the area with a nylon brush or nylon pan scourer and hot soapy water. Rinse well and heat the oven to dry the surfaces.

Chrome plated parts

OVEN SHELVES & OVEN SHELF RUNNERS, GRILL PAN TRIVET & HANDLE

Do not use abrasives or polishes, use a moist soap pad - eg; “Brillo”.

Note: Oven shelf runners can be removed for cleaning. Grasp the runners, and slide out of the hanging holes as shown.

Note: These items may also be cleaned in a dishwasher.

Vitreous Enamel parts

GRILL PAN, HOB TOP & PAN SUPPORTS, TOP OVEN GRILL COMPARTMENT, MAIN OVEN COMPARTMENT FLOOR

Use a mild cream cleaner - eg; “Cif”.

Stubborn marks may be removed with a moistened “Brillo” pad.

The pan supports and grill pan may be cleaned in a dishwasher, or with a nylon brush in hot soapy water.
Roasting guide

The times given in the roasting guide are only approximate, because the size and age of the bird will influence cooking times as will the shape of a joint and the proportion of the bone. Frozen meat should be thoroughly thawed before cooking. For large joints it is advisable to thaw overnight. Frozen poultry should be thoroughly thawed before cooking. The time required depends on the size of the bird - eg; a large turkey may take up to 48 hours to thaw.

Use of a trivet with a roasting tin will reduce fat splashing and will help to keep the oven interior clean. Alternatively, to help reduce fat splashing, potatoes or other vegetables can be roasted around the meat / poultry.

Notes:
- When cooking stuffed meat or poultry calculate the cooking time from the total weight of the meat plus the stuffing.
- For joints cooked in foil or covered roasters, and for lidded casseroles, add 5 minutes per 450g (1lb) to the calculated cooking time.
- Smaller joints weighing less than 1.25kg (2½lb) may require 5 minutes per 450g (1lb) extra cooking time.
- Position the oven shelf so that the meat or poultry will be in the centre of the oven.
- It is recommended that the appliance is cleaned after open roasting.

Cooking guide

Frozen meat should be thoroughly thawed before cooking. For large joints it is advisable to thaw overnight. Frozen poultry should be thoroughly thawed before cooking. The time required depends on the size of the bird - eg; a large turkey may take up to 48 hours to thaw.

Use of a trivet with a roasting tin will reduce fat splashing and will help to keep the oven interior clean. Alternatively, to help reduce fat splashing, potatoes or other vegetables can be roasted around the meat / poultry.

Notes:
- When cooking stuffed meat or poultry calculate the cooking time from the total weight of the meat plus the stuffing.
- For joints cooked in foil or covered roasters, and for lidded casseroles, add 5 minutes per 450g (1lb) to the calculated cooking time.
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Using the Ovens

Using the Top Oven

Cooking guide

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Top oven baking guide

Cooking temperatures

The temperature settings and time given in the Baking Guides are based on dishes made with block margarine. If soft tub margarine is used, it may be necessary to reduce the temperature setting. If a recipe gives a different temperature setting to that shown in the guide, the recipe instruction should be followed. Because the top oven is more compact, it may be necessary to reduce cooking temperatures specified in recipes by up to 20°C. Refer to the baking guide when determining which temperatures to use.

Cooking times

These times are based on cooking in a preheated oven. These cooking times are approximate, because the size and type of cooking dish will influence time as personal preferences.

Shelf positions

As a general guide, when cooking frozen or chilled food, use the highest possible shelf position, while allowing some clearance between the food and the top element. Follow the instructions given on packaging.

Using the Ovens

Using the Top Oven

Cooking guide

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Top oven baking guide

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Using the Ovens

Using the Top Oven

Cooking guide

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- Smaller joints weighing less than 1.25kg (2½lb) may require 5 minutes per 450g (1lb) extra cooking time.
- Position the oven shelf so that the meat or poultry will be in the centre of the oven.
- It is recommended that the appliance is cleaned after open roasting.
Caution: Accessible parts may be hot when the appliance is in use, young children should be kept away.

Main oven
To switch on the main oven
Turn the main oven control knob to the desired temperature setting.
To turn off, return the control knob to the off "O" position.

To help the air circulate freely
Position the shelves evenly within the oven and maintain a clearance from the oven roof and base.
If more than one cooking dish or baking tray is to be used on a shelf, leave a gap of at least 25mm between the items themselves and the oven interior.
Allow enough space between shelves for food that will rise during cooking.
Do not place items on the oven base as this will prevent air circulating freely.

Defrosting and cooling in the main oven
To defrost frozen foods, turn the oven control to the defrost position, place the food in the centre of the oven and close the door.
To cool foods after cooking prior to refrigerating or freezing, turn the oven control to the defrost position, and open the door.

Defrosting times
Small or thin pieces of frozen fish or meat - eg; fish fillets, prawns and mince, will take approximately 1 - 2 hours.
Placing the food in a single layer will reduce the thawing time.
A medium sized casserole or stew will take approximately 3 - 4 hours.
A 1½kg (3lb) oven ready chicken will take approximately 5 hours, remove the giblets as soon as possible.

Be safe
Do not defrost stuffed poultry using this method. Do not defrost larger joints of meat and poultry over 2kg (4lb) using this method.
Never place uncooked food for defrosting next to cooked food which is to be cooled, as this can lead to cross contamination.
Defrosting meat, poultry and fish can be accelerated using this method but make sure they are completely thawed before cooking thoroughly. Place meat and poultry on a trivet in a meat tin.

Traditional fruit cakes
It should be remembered that ovens can vary over time, therefore cooking times can vary, making it difficult to be precise when baking fruit cakes.
It is necessary, therefore, to test the cake before removal from the oven.
Use a fine warmed skewer inserted into the centre of the cake. If the skewer comes out clean, then the cake is cooked.

Do not attempt to make Christmas cakes larger than the oven can cope with; you should allow at least 25mm (1 inch) space between the oven walls and the tin.
Always follow the temperatures recommended in the recipe.
To protect a very rich fruit cake during cooking, tie 2 layers of brown paper around the tin.
We recommend that the cake tin is not stood on layers of brown paper, as this can hinder effective circulation of air.
Do not use soft tub margarine for rich fruit cakes unless specified in the recipe.
Always use the correct size and shape of tin for the recipe quantities.

Roast turkey
Roasting turkey perfectly involves cooking two different types of meat - the delicate light breast meat, which must not be allowed to dry out, and the darker leg meat, which takes longer to cook.
The turkey must be roasted long enough for the legs to cook, so frequent basting is necessary. The breast meat can be covered once browned.

Turkey should be roasted at 170 - 190°C for 20 minutes per 1lb, plus 20 minutes unless packaging advises otherwise.
The turkey can be open roasted, breast side down, for half of the cook time, and then turned over for the remainder of the cooking time.
If the turkey is stuffed, add 5 minutes per 1lb to the cooking time.
If roasting turkey covered with foil, add 5 minutes per 1lb to the cooking time.
To test if the turkey is cooked, push a fine skewer into the thickest part of the thigh. If the juices run clear, the turkey is cooked. If the juices are still pink, the turkey will need longer cooking.
Slow cooking

Make sure that frozen foods are thoroughly thawed before cooking.

Do not slow cook joints of meat or poultry weighing more than 2 1/4 kg / 4 1/2 lb.

For roasting joints of meat or poultry and for pot roasts, preheat the oven to 190˚C - 200˚C and cook for 30 minutes, then adjust the oven control to 110˚C - 120˚C for the remainder of the cooking time.

Slow cooking times will be about three times as long as conventional cooking times.

Cooking frozen & chilled foods

- Always preheat the oven.
- When cooking frozen or chilled foods, please follow the manufacturer’s instructions.
- If cooking more than one tray or item, cooking times may need to be increased.
- Please ensure that foods are piping hot before consumption.
- Due to the many variations of frozen and chilled foods, always use the temperature setting stated on food packaging.
- Never overload the tray - eg; oven chips should be placed onto the baking tray in one even layer for satisfactory cooking.
- Follow the cooking times given on packaging but remember they are only intended as a guide and do not take individual preferences into account.
- Always cook frozen convenience foods straight from the freezer unless packaging advises otherwise.

Cooking with a fan oven

If you are used to cooking with a conventional oven you will find a number of differences to cooking with a fan oven which will require a different approach:

There are no zones of heat in a fan oven as the convection fan at the back of the oven ensures an even temperature throughout the oven. This makes it ideal for batch baking - eg; when planning a party or stocking the freezer - as all the items will be cooked within the same length of time.

Foods are cooked at a lower temperature (between 10˚C and 20˚C lower) than a conventional oven, so conventional recipe temperatures may have to be reduced.

Preheating is generally not necessary as a fan oven warms up quickly.

There is no flavour transference in a fan oven, which means you can cook strong smelling foods such as fish at the same time as mild foods - eg; milk puddings.

When batch baking foods that will rise during cooking - eg; bread - always ensure that enough space has been left between the shelves to allow for the rise.

Notes:

When 2 or more shelves are being used, it may be necessary to increase the cooking time slightly.

Because the 2 oven shelves are wider in many ovens, it is possible to cook 2 items per shelf - eg; 2 victoria sandwiches or 2 casseroles.

Although you need to keep in mind the points ‘To help the air circulate freely’ with careful choice of dishes and tins, it is possible to cook a complete meal, and perhaps something else for the freezer, in the oven at the same time.

When roasting meats, you will notice that fat splashing is reduced, which is due in part to the lower oven temperatures, and will help keep cleaning of the oven to a minimum.

Because a fan oven has an even temperature throughout the oven, no shelf positions have been given in the “Main oven baking guide”. There is no need to interchange dishes onto different shelves part way through cooking, as with a conventional oven.
Using the Main Oven

Main oven baking guide

Cooking times
These times are based on cooking in a preheated oven.
These cooking times are approximate, because the size and type of cooking dish will influence time as personal preferences.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Temperature at °C</th>
<th>Approximate cooking time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small cakes</td>
<td>170 - 180</td>
<td>20 - 25 mins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whisked sponge</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>15 - 20 mins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swiss roll</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>8 - 12 mins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victoria Sandwich (2 x 205mm / 8&quot;) shallow tins</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>25 - 35 mins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Semi rich fruit cake (180mm / 7&quot;)</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>2 1/2 - 3 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scones</td>
<td>210 - 220</td>
<td>10 - 15 mins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meringues</td>
<td>90 - 100</td>
<td>2 - 3 mins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shortcrust pastry</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>Depending on size and type of cooking dish, and also the filling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puff / Flaky pastry</td>
<td>210</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Choux pastry</td>
<td>200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biscuits</td>
<td>160 - 200</td>
<td>10 - 20 mins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bread (500g (1lb) loaf)</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>20 - 30 mins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sponge pudding</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>45 mins - 1 hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milk pudding</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>1 1/2 - 1 1/3 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cooking temperatures
The temperature settings and time given in the baking guide are based on dishes made with block margarine. If soft tub margarine is used, it may be necessary to reduce the temperature setting.
If a recipe gives a different temperature setting to that shown in the guide, the recipe instruction should be followed.

Preheating
Always preheat the top oven for 20 minutes. However, if the main oven is being used at the same time, preheating may not be necessary.
When both ovens are used together, the cooking times may need to be shortened slightly, or the cooking temperature adjusted, to allow for heat transference from the main oven to the top oven.
Preheat the main oven for 15 minutes.
If you are not preheating the ovens, the cooking times in the baking guides may need to be extended, as they are based on a preheated oven.
The ovens must be preheated when reheating frozen or chilled foods, and we recommend preheating for yeast mixtures, batters, soufflés and whisked sponges.
For other dishes, preheating may not be essential, as many dishes will cook from a cold start.
Put the oven shelves in the position required before preheating the oven.

Important: Never put items directly on the base of the oven with foil, as this may cause the element to overheat. Always position items on the shelf.

Using the Ovens

Oven furniture

Baking tray and roasting tins
For best cooked results and even browning, the maximum size baking trays and roasting tins that should be used are as follows;
Baking tray 290mm x 270mm
This size of baking tray will hold up to 16 small cakes.
Roasting tin 320mm x 270mm
We recommend that you use good quality cookware. Poor quality trays and tins may warp when heated, leading to uneven baking results.

Oven shelves
The oven shelf must be positioned with the upstand at the rear of the oven and facing up.
Position baking trays and roasting tins on the middle of the shelves, and leave one clear shelf position between shelves, to allow for circulation of heat.

Important: Never put items directly on the base of the oven with foil, as this may cause the element to overheat. Always position items on the shelf.